06-606

Fall, 2024

Nonlinear Optimization in Process Systems Engineering

Due: 11/19/24

1. While searching for the minimum of

$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = [\mathbf{x}_1^2 + (\mathbf{x}_2 + 1)^2][\mathbf{x}_1^2 + (\mathbf{x}_2 - 1)^2]$$

the algorithm terminates at the following points:

a) $x^{(1)} = [0,0]^T$ b) $x^{(2)} = [0,1]^T$ c) $x^{(3)} = [0,-1]^T$ d) $x^{(4)} = [1,1]^T$

Classify each point.

2. Consider the quadratic function with the parameter M:

$$f(x) = 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + 4x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 2x_3^2 + (M-2)x_1x_2 + 2x_2x_3$$

For M = 0 find all stationary points. Are they optimal? Find the path of <u>optimal</u> solutions as M increases from zero.

3. In Powell damping, the BFGS update is modified if $s^T y$ is not sufficiently positive by defining $\overline{y} = \theta y + (1 - \theta)B^k s$ and substituting for y in the BFGS formula.

a) Show that θ can by found by solving the one-dimensional linear program:

$$\max\theta s.t.\theta s^T y + (1-\theta)s^T B^k s \ge 0.2 s^T B^k s, \theta \in [0,1]$$

b) If $s^T y \ge 0.2 \text{ s}^T Bs$ show that Powell damping corresponds to a normal BFGS update.

c) If $s^T y \rightarrow -\infty$, show that Powell damping corresponds to skipping the BFGS update.

4. Show that if B^k is positive definite $\cos \theta^k > 1/\kappa(B^k)$ where $\kappa(B^k)$ is the condition number of B^k , based on the 2-norm.

5. Derive a stepsize rule for α for the Armijo line search that minimizes the quadratic interpolant from the Armijo inequality.

6. Consider the convex problem:

 $\min x_1 \, s. \, t. \, x_2 \le 0, x_2 - x_1^2 \ge 0$

Show that this problem does not satisfy LICQ and does not satisfy the KKT conditions at its optimum solution.

7. Consider the convex problem

$$\min f(x) \ s.t.g(x) \le 0$$

and the equivalent problem

 $\min f(x) \ s.t.g(x) + s = 0, s \ge 0.$

- a) Show that the KKT conditions of the two problems are equivalent.
- b) If the second problem has a local solution. Show that this is also a global solution.